

## Writing Port Cities



In *Invisible Cities*, Italo Calvino famously imagined Marco Polo describing imaginary cities to Kublai Khan. Reflecting on his home city of Venice, he “put together, piece by piece, the perfect city,” a city that is “discontinuous in space and time” [1]. The image of the contemporary port city similarly emerges from multiple pieces: port authorities promote the port’s efficiency and future potential; local governments advertise the heritage value of historical waterfronts and old port equipment as part of urban sustainability in all its facets; and artists and the general public write up and photograph these places. Collectively, these multiple groups create locality-specific port cultures across time.

### Port Marketing and Port Authorities

Ports are built to efficiently move goods. Translated into numbers on speed and tonnage, their performance is the theme of glossy brochures and well-designed websites wooing new customers. Leading European ports position themselves as excellent not only in port functionality but in environmental friendliness. Rather than fighting activists who clamor for environmental preservation, Europe’s top port, the Port of Rotterdam, markets itself as a pioneer “continuously looking for answers to the question of how to do things smarter, more efficiently, better and more sustainably” [2].

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### Abstract

Ports and their cities are physical constructions, but we also build them with words and images, whether carefully planned marketing and branding or independent commentary. Skilled media professionals promote ports, waterfront redevelopments and cities, creating a virtual narrative about port and city. They aim to influence both potential investors with detailed statistics as well as the general public with photo tools and webcams for interested citizens or schoolchildren. Independent commentary nourishes public fascination with ports and their cities: fictional literature and films feature them and citizens use the web to document their experiences. Together these publications create a parallel image of port and city, one that is more and more powerful as the internet makes specialized and personal information globally accessible. Common narratives and port cultures will gain importance as ports and cities realize the need for closer collaboration.

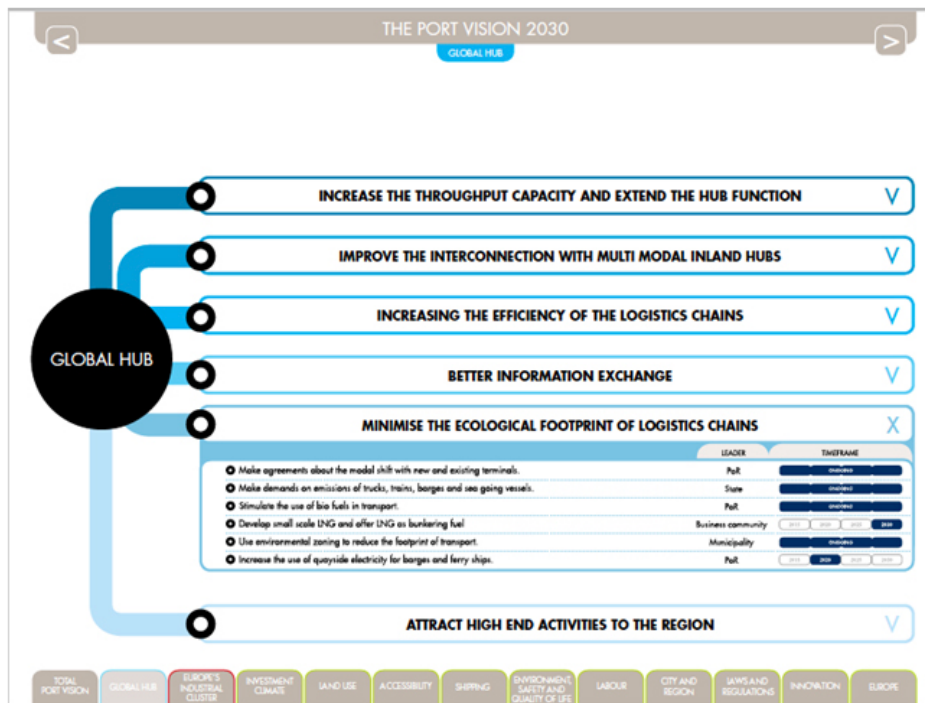
### Keywords

[Port cities](#) [Port cultures](#) [History](#)

[Literature](#) [Port publications](#) [Novels](#)

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Port Vision 2030 of the Rotterdam Port Authority highlights the need to minimize the ecological footprint of logistics. (Source: <https://www.portofrotterdam.com/en/the-port/port-vision-2030/implementation-agenda-port-vision-2030>)

Similarly, Hamburg's Port Authority has chosen the motto "Port of the Future 2025" [3] promoting itself as future-oriented and "paving the way for the efficient, resource-friendly and sustainable implementation of infrastructure projects in the port". *Environment* and *community engagement* are key terms for the Port of Vancouver [4]. Yet elsewhere – in Shanghai, Dubai, and Marseilles, for example [5] – themes of speed and capacity are most prominent. The narratives of public, semi-public or private port operators can differ sharply from each other and from local branding.

### Waterfront and City Branding

Port city governments and their waterfront representatives use both their working ports and the commodified remnants of former port activities (heritage buildings and former waterfronts) as brands. They feature these sites in booklets, flyers, apps, and other material for tourists, high-end employees, and locals. HafenCity Hamburg GmbH, a full subsidiary of the City of Hamburg, has an impressive array of educational tools, including publications, an info center and a large-scale model.



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Model of the HafenCity Hamburg in the Information Center. (Photo: D. Reipka; Source: HafenCity Hamburg GmbH)

The HafenCity Hamburg GmbH also hosts an extensive website, orchestrating historical analysis, accounts of technological change, and announcements of future development into an intricate description of past, present, and future. It showcases HafenCity as Europe's largest urban redevelopment project; an organization with a forward looking agenda; and a company that responds to local and global expectations and social and environmental concerns [6]. The website is

carefully designed to attract a broad group of users, from investors to the general public, providing free access to extensive and varied documentation. It also features four webcams on ongoing construction projects (the Baakenhafen, the Campus Futura, the Elbphilharmonie and the Traditional Ship Harbour) and a ship radar tracking ships in real time, using technology to let users virtually visit the waterfront [7].



*The Elbphilharmonie in the HafenCity Hamburg – one of the buildings where the construction progress can be tracked through a webcam. (Photo: ELBE&FLUT; Source: HafenCity Hamburg GmbH)*

### Writing the port city

Cultural production plays a role in the on-going construction of local port cultures, whether paintings, movies, literature, music, advertisements, or events. Cities hold port-themed events like harbour birthdays and cruise ship festivals; individuals' photographs proliferate on Flickr, Dreamtime, and other platforms, amplifying their marketing power and adding to the partial pictures produced by other actors in the city.



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*Photos of cruiseships in St. John's, Antigua, and in front of historic Venice, posted on community-based website of stock photographs. (Source: ID 46055320 ©Frank Fell/Dreamstime.com)*

Furthermore, the number of historical novels located in port environments and in shipping circles in

Hamburg, London or Amsterdam has grown rapidly, with books on the historic coffee trade in Amsterdam by David Liss and on the London Fire by Tom Finnek; perhaps most strikingly, Boris Meyn, who has a PhD degree in art and architectural history, sets his historical novels in the port of Hamburg. These novels complement other narratives and partial readings of city institutions and port authorities of the tangible and intangible elements of shipping, embedding an affinity with it in the imaginations of the larger public.

Telling the story of the port city – its past, present, and future; its buildings and its people – is a strong force in creating port cultures. Specialized players such as port authorities, urban governments, and architectural historians have rediscovered writing as a tool to address a larger public and to nurture narratives of port and city. The internet facilitates the spread of this commentary through different disciplinary and language groups. Each actor creates a spatial and temporal picture of the port city, only partly representing the real city; together they both demonstrate the complexity of port and city interactions and create a local port culture.

## Notes

[1] Calvino, Italo, 1974. *Invisible Cities*. (English Edition) A Harvest Book, Harcourt, A Helen and Kurt Wolf Book, Orlando, a.o. 1974.

[2] Port of Rotterdam, *Smartest Port*, replace 20 March 2016.

<<https://www.portofrotterdam.com/en/business-opportunities/smartest-port>>

[3] A Hamburg Port Authority, *Hamburg Port Authority*, replace 20 March 2016.

<<http://www.hamburg-port-authority.de/en/Seiten/Startseite.aspx>>

[4] Port Metro Vancouver, *Enabling Thriving Communities*, replace 20 March 2016.

<<http://www.portmetrovancover.com/>>

[5] Shanghai International Port Group Co, replace 20 March 2016.

<<http://www.mpa.gov.sg/web/portal/home>>

Marseille Fos Port Authority, Marseille Fos Port, replace 20 March 2016.

<<http://www.marseille-port.fr/en/Accueil/>>

[6] Hafencity Hamburg, Hafencity Hamburg, replace 20 March 2016.

<<http://www.hafencity.com/en/news/mipim-2016-hafencity-hamburg-displays-full-spectrum-of-forward-looking-urban-development.html>>

[7] Hamburg.de, Schiffsradar Hamburg, replace 20 March 2016.

<<http://www.hamburg.de/schiffsradar/>>

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Head image: The port and city of Valparaiso: containers carry goods and serve business cards and marketing tools. (Source: @Dmitry Chulov/Dreamstime.com)

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